



**B. K. BIRLA CENTRE FOR EDUCATION, PUNE**  
(SENIOR SECONDARY CO-ED DAY CUM RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL, AFFILIATED TO CBSE NEW DELHI)

**PRE-MIDTERM EXAM (2024-25)**

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**



**CLASS: VII**

**Date: 05/08/2024**

**Admission No: \_\_\_\_\_**

**Time: 1Hour**

**Max. Marks: 25**

**Roll No: \_\_\_\_\_**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. The question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C, D & E) with 10 questions in total.**
- 2. All questions are compulsory.**
- 3. Question numbers 1-3 are multiple choice questions of 1 mark each.**
- 4. Question numbers 4 to 5 are of 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 20-30 words each.**
- 5. Question numbers 6 and 7 are of 3 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50-60 words each.**
- 6. Question number 8 and 9 are long answer question of 4 mark each.**
- 7. Question number 10 is case based, carrying, 4 marks.**

**SECTION-A**

**(1×3=3)**

- 1. What happens when igneous and sedimentary rocks go under heat and pressure \_\_\_\_\_ 1**  
(a) They change into graphite (b) They change into fossils  
(c) They change into metamorphic rocks (d) They change into minerals
- 2. What is the Deccan plateau made up of? 1**  
(a) Granite (b) Sandstone (c) Basalt (d) Limestone
- 3. Who was Nagabhata? 1**  
(a) Gupta Ruler (b) Chakrayudh (c) Malava (d) Pratihara Kinga

**SECTION-B**

**(2×2=4)**

- 4. Differentiate between intrusive and the extrusive rocks. 2**
- 5. What will happen if we will reach to the centre of the earth? 2**

**SECTION-C**

**(2×3=6)**

- 6. Write a note on Tripartite Struggle. 3**
- 7. During whose rule the given sculpture was made? Write in brief about it. 3**



**SECTION-D**

**(2×4=8)**

8. Explain how new kingdom rose to power in the early medieval period. Give example of one such a kingdom. 4
9. What are the types of rocks? Write any three uses of rocks. 4

**SECTION-E**

**(1×4=4)**

**10. Case Study Question.**

**Read the case/source given and answer the following questions**

By the 7<sup>th</sup> century, there were big landlords or warrior chiefs in different regions of the subcontinent. Existing kings often acknowledged them as their subordinates or samantas. As samantas gained power and wealth, they declared themselves to be maha-samanta, maha-mandaleshvara. One such instance was that of the Rashtrakutas in the Deccan. Initially they were subordinate to the Chalukyas of Karnataka. In the mid-eighth century, Dantidurga, a Rashtrakuta chief, overthrew his Chalukya overlord and performed a ritual called hiranya-garbha.

1. What did kings often acknowledged warriors as? 1
2. Who were maha-mandaleshvara? 1
3. Whom were Rashtrakutas subordinate to? 1
4. What was a ritual called hiranya-garbha. 1